

SYSTEMIC FUNCTIONAL LINGUISTIC ANALYSIS OF MODALITY AND ADJUNCT IN PROPOSING A GIRL TEXT USING WAIJEWANA LANGUAGE

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Abstract

This paper is aimed to describe modality system and adjunct used in a proposing girl text using Waijewa language. Modality refers to degrees of indeterminacy. It is to construe the region of uncertainty that lies between 'yes' and 'no'. It refers not only to verb modal but also to modality idea. Thus, modality is manifested into two ways, namely modalization and modulation. The use modality grammar enables people to emphasize what can or cannot be done on what is ordered or offered. Data informing this study were from observation by recording oral texts of proposing a girl happened in Wewewa community. These data then were transcribed and analysed based on systemic functional grammar. The results showed that the use of modality was realized simultaneously by verb such as *baka amiko-ngga dede wa kadanu ...* 'I will come to take my handbag...'. The use of modality showed varieties of probabilities and obligation. Modalization tended to be uttered by bride's party whereas modulation by groom's party. This fact indicated interpersonal relationship in which groom's party took a position as humble as possible in speaking and usually agreed every thing stated or asked by bride's parents. Whereas bride's party was also dominant in speaking. This condition was influenced by honour value as one of the six values in this text. The use of adjunct in texts related to modal that covered mood and comment adjunct. The use of adjunct in texts concerning to the clause constituents which also realized interpersonal meaning.

Keywords : adjunct, modality, proposing a girl, text, Waijewa